AL-FARABI KAZAKH NATIONAL UNIVERSITY

Faculty of chemistry and chemical technology
Department of physical chemistry, catalysis and petrochemistry

APPROVED

Dean of the Faculty

Duysebaeva M.A.

химиялық технология (sfghattite)

MACRES KOHE

"01" September 2025

EDUCATIONAL AND METHODICAL COMPLEX OF THE DISCIPLINE

MHPRR5302 «Macrokinetics of chemical processes and reactor design»

7M07103 – Chemical Engineering

Course – 1 Semester – 1 Number of credits – 5 The educational and methodical complex of the discipline was compiled by PhD Supiyeva Zhazira

Based on the curriculum for the educational program 7M07103 - Chemical Engineering

Reviewed and recommended at the meeting of the Chair of physical chemistry, catalysis and petrochemistry

«01» **September** 2025, Protocol № 1

Head of the department ___

____ Aubakirov Ye.A.

SYLLABUS Fall semester 2025-2026 academic year Educational program "7M07103 - Chemical Engineering"

ID	tics of eal		Number of credits			General	Independent work	
and name of course			Lectures (L)			number of credits	of the student under the guidance of a teacher (IWST)	
MHPRR5302 Macrokinetics of chemical processes and reactor design			rokinetics of hemical cesses and		1.7	3.3	0	5
	A TOTAL STREET	ACADEMI	C INFORMA	ATION ABOU	JT THE CO	DURSE		
Learning	Cycle,	Lecture		Types		Form and p	latform final control	
Format	component	types	1	of practical classes		G. I I W CO.		
Offline	PD/UC	presentati consultati		Solving pro		Standard written, offline		
Lecturer	Supiyeva Zhazira Asilbekovna, PhD., acting associate professor							
e-mail: Phone:	Zhazira.Supiy 8 701 391 91	56						
D	_			URSE PRESI	ENTATION			
Purpose of the course		•	earning Outc					
The purpose of this course is to provide graduate-level chemical engineering students with an in-depth understanding of the macrokinetic principles that govern chemical processes and their application to the design and optimization of chemical reactors. 3. Apply pri		d evaluate of reactors) be enciples of transfer) to re	netic models for homal reactions, including e chemical reactors (bate based on kinetic data and framework) f transport phenomena (reactor design and operations)		STR, PFR, erformance	1.1. Correctly identifies and formulat rate laws based on experimental or literature data; 1.2. Distinguishes between elementa and complex reaction mechanisms; 1.3. Applies macrokinetic models interpret reaction rate behavior und various conditions; 2.1. Selects appropriate reactor ty based on reaction kinetics and proceed goals; 2.2. Performs reactor sizing a conversion calculations using designations; 2.3. Compares reactor performance terms of conversion, yield, a selectivity; 3.1. Identifies limiting transpoprocesses affecting reaction performance; 3.2. Calculates heat and mass transformates within different reactor systems; 3.3. Integrates transport limitations in reactor design and optimization;		
	simulations to predict reactor behavior under various operating conditions; representing mas in reactors; 4.2. Uses numer (e.g., MATLAB behavior; 4.3. Interprets			mass and energy balances mass and energy balances merical methods/software LAB) to simulate reactor ets simulation results to eactor performance and design issues;				
	5. Assess scale-up strategies and safety considerations in industrial reactor design and operation.				5.1. Identifies key parameters influencing scale-up from lab to pilot or full-scale reactor;			

		5.2. Evaluates risks related to heat release, runaway reactions, and pressure build-up;
		5.3. Proposes safety measures and control strategies in scaled-up reactor systems;
Prerequisites	Physics, mathematics, general chemistry and physical chemistry.	
Postrequisites	Chemical Thermodynamics.	
Learning	Main literature:	
Resources	1. Luyben, W.L. (2007). Frontmatter. In Chemical Reactor Dehttps://doi.org/10.1002/9780470134917.fmatter. 2. Rawlings, J. B., & Ekerdt, J. G. Chemical Reactor Analys Publishing, 2002 – 607 p. 3. Nauman, E. Bruce Chemical Reactor Design, Optimization, and 4. Fogler, H. Scott Elements of Chemical Reaction Engineering (5. Introduction to Chemical Engineering Kinetics & Reactor Design Additional literature: 1. Levenspiel, O. Chemical Reaction Engineering (3rd Edition) W. 2. Aris, R. Elementary Chemical Reactor Analysis Dover Publicat Research infrastructure 1. Lecture classes – 517 room. 2. Practical classes – 517 room. Professional scientific databases 1. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ 2. «WEB OF SCIENCE» [site]. – URL: http://www.webofscience.internet resources 1. http://elibrary.kaznu.kz/en 2. open.kaznu.kz	d Scaleup (2nd Edition) Wiley, 2008. 5th Edition) Pearson Education, 2016. gn - Hill & Root. Viley, 1999. tions, 2005 (reprint).

Academic course policy

The academic policy of the course is determined by the Academic Policy and the Policy of Academic Integrity of Al-Farabi Kazakh National University.

Documents are available on the main page of IS Univer.

Integration of science and education. The research work of students, undergraduates and doctoral students is a deepening of the educational process. It is organized directly at the departments, laboratories, scientific and design departments of the university, in student scientific and technical associations. Independent work of students at all levels of education is aimed at developing research skills and competencies based on obtaining new knowledge using modern research and information technologies. A research university teacher integrates the results of scientific activities into the topics of lectures and seminars (practical) classes, laboratory classes and into the tasks of the IWST, IWS, which are reflected in the syllabus and are responsible for the relevance of the topics of training sessions and assignments.

Attendance. The deadline for each task is indicated in the calendar (schedule) for the implementation of the content of the course. Failure to meet deadlines results in loss of points.

Academic honesty. Practical/laboratory classes, IWS develop the student's independence, critical thinking, and creativity. Plagiarism, forgery, the use of cheat sheets, cheating at all stages of completing tasks are unacceptable.

Compliance with academic honesty during the period of theoretical training and at exams, in addition to the main policies, is regulated by the "Rules for the final control", "Instructions for the final control of the autumn / spring semester of the current academic year", "Regulations on checking students' text documents for borrowings".

Documents are available on the main page of IS Univer.

Basic principles of inclusive education. The educational environment of the university is conceived as a safe place where there is always support and equal attitude from the teacher to all students and students to each other, regardless of gender, race / ethnicity, religious beliefs, socio-economic status, physical health of the student, etc. All people need the support and friendship of peers and fellow students. For all students, progress is more about what they can do than what they can't. Diversity enhances all aspects of life.

All students, especially those with disabilities, can receive counseling assistance by phone / e- mail +7-701-391-91-56/Zhazira.Supiyeva@kaznu.edu.kz or via video link in Zoom

https://us04web.zoom.us/j/73603766209?pwd=tAtGLMXa2k61nURHGnrvBmPaouoQYg.1.

Integration MOOC (massive open online course). In the case of integrating MOOC into the course, all students need to register for MOOC. The deadlines for passing MOOC modules must be strictly observed in accordance with the course study schedule.

ATTENTION! The deadline for each task is indicated in the calendar (schedule) for the implementation of the content of the course, as well as in the MOOC. Failure to meet deadlines results in loss of points.

Score-rating letter system of assessment of accounting for educational achievements				Assessment Methods		
Grade	Digital equivalent points	points, % content	Assessment according to the traditional system	Criteria-based assessment is the process of with expected learning outcomes based of formative and summative assessment.		
A	4.0	95-100	Great	Formative assessment is a type of assessment that is carried out in the course of daily learning activities. It is the current measure of progress. Provides an operational relationship between the student and the teacher. It allows you to determine the capabilities of the student, identify difficulties, help achieve the		
A-	3.67	90-94				
B+	3.33	85-89	Fine	best results, timely correct the education performance of tasks, the activity of workseminars, practical exercises (discussion laboratory work, etc.) are evaluated. Acquir	onal process for the teacher. The k in the classroom during lectures, s, quizzes, debates, round tables,	
В	3.0	80-84		assessed. Summative assessment - type of asses completion of the study of the section in	sment, which is carried out upon accordance with the program of the	
B-	2.67	75-79		course. Conducted 3-4 times per semester assessment of mastering the expected ledescriptors. Allows you to determine and final a certain period. Learning outcomes are evaluated to the conduction of the conducti	arning outcomes in relation to the the level of mastering the course for	
C+	2.33	70-74		Formative and summative assessment	Points % content	
C	2.0	65-69	Satisfactorily	Activity in classes	5	
C-	1.67	60-64		Work in practical classes	20	
D+	1.33	55-59		Independent work	20	
D	1.0	50-54	The second second second	Colloquium	15	
FX	0,5	25-49	Unsatisfactory	Final control (exam)	40	
F	0	0-24		TOTAL	100	

Calendar (schedule) for the implementation of the content of the course. Methods of teaching and learning.

A week	Topic name	Number of hours	Max.
	Module 1. Fundamentals of Macrokinetics and Reactor Types		
1	L 1. Introduction to the Macrokinetics of Chemical Processes	1	
	PC 1. Introduction to Macrokinetics and Reactor Classification	2	
2	L 2. Fundamentals of Conversion, Product Yield, and Calculation of Key Reactor Parameters	1	
	PC 2. Conversion, Yield, and Selectivity	2	
	IWST 1. Consultation on the Implementation of IWS №1: "Analysis of Kinetic Data and Determination of Reaction Order"		
3	L 3. Kinetic Equations: Reaction Order and the Law of Mass Action	1	
	PC 3. Reaction Order and the Law of Mass Action	2	
4	L 4. Stoichiometric Analysis, Influence of Concentrations, Pressure, and Phase State	1	
	PC 4. Stoichiometry, Pressure Effects, and Phase State Colloquium: Based on Lectures 1-3 (written and oral)	2	10
	IWST 2. Submission of IWS №1		5
5	L 5. Isothermal Design of Chemical Reactors (Batch, CSTR, PFR)	1	
	PC 5. Isothermal Reactor Models: Batch, CSTR, PFR	2	10
	IWST 3. Consultation on the Implementation of IWS №2: "Calculation of Ideal Reactor Volumes for a Given Conversion"		
	Module 2. Reactor Design and Performance under Ideal Conditions		
6	L 6. Modelling Molar Flows and Volumes in Continuous Reactors	1	
	PC 6. Molar Flows and Reactor Performance	2	10
	IWST 4. Submission of IWS №2		15
7	L 7. Collection and Analysis of Experimental Data: Methods for Evaluating Kinetics	1	
	PC 7. Experimental Kinetics: Graphical Methods and Data Fitting	2	10
8	L 8. Kinetics of Multiple Reactions: Parallel, Sequential, and Reversible Schemes	1	
	PC 8. Reactor Behavior for Multiple Reactions	2	40
	Colloquium: Based on Lectures 4-7 (written and oral)		
Midterm	control 1		100
	Module 3. Advanced Reactor Modelling and Experimental Kinetics		
9	L 9. Reaction Mechanisms, Chain Processes, and Biocatalysis	1	
	PC 9. Mechanisms and Catalytic Systems	2	5
10	L 10. Fundamentals of Catalysis and Heterogeneous Kinetics	1	
	PC 10. Reaction Heat Effects and Heat Balance	2	5
	IWST 5. Consultation on the Implementation of IWS №3: "Selection and Modeling of a Reactor for Parallel Reactions"		
11	L 11. Energy Analysis of Reactors: Thermal Effects and Heat Balance	1	

1		2	5
	PC 11. Heat Transfer in Reactors and Operating Modes	2	3
	Colloquium: Based on Lectures 9-10 (written and oral).		
12	L 12. Heat Exchange in Reactors and Its Effect on Reaction Processes	1	,
	PC 12. Experimental Methods for Kinetic Evaluation	2	5
13	L 13. Transient Processes in Chemical Reactors	1	
	PC 13. Dynamics of Complex Reaction Kinetics	2	5
	IWST 6. Submission of IWS №3		30
14	L 14. Modelling of Non-Ideal Reactors: Residence Time Distribution (RTD)	1	
	PC 14. RTD and Transient Behavior in Reactors	2	5
15	L 15. Non-Ideal Reactors and RTD Models	1	
	PC 15. Colloquium Based on Lectures 11-15 (written and oral)	2	40
	IWST 7. Consultation on Final Exam Questions		
Midter	n control 2		100
Final control (exam)			100
TOTAL for course			100
IOTAL	TOT COULSC		

Policy of assessment of master student's independent work. The number of IWS is 3. The assignment is uploaded to the Univer system one week before the due date. The assignments are practical tasks, the solution of which consists of several stages, each of which is evaluated. Each task is accompanied by methodical recommendations.

RUBRICATOR OF THE SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT OF IWS №1-3

Independent work of the student №1-3 (20% of 100% MC)

Criterion	"Excellent"	"Good"	"Satisfactory"	"Unsatisfactory"
	15-20%	10-15%	5-10%	0-5%
Application of the	A thorough	Understanding of	Limited understanding of	Superficial
information	understanding	theory, equations	theory, equations and	understanding/lack of
provided in the	theory, equations	and formulas from	formulas from lecture	understanding of theory,
methodological	and formulas from	lecture material and	material and	equations and formulas
recommendations	lecture material and	recommended	recommended textbooks.	from lecture material and
	recommended	textbooks.	The progress of problem	recommended textbooks.
	textbooks.	The solution	solving is not presented.	The progress of problem
	The presented	algorithm is correct,		solving is not presented.
	course of problem	but there are		
	solving is correct.	inaccuracies.		
Quantitative	Good at linking key	Relates key	Limited connection of key	Little or no connection of
results of the task	concepts of lecture	concepts of the	concepts of lecture	key concepts of the lecture
	material.	lecture material.		material. Little or no use of
	Excellent grounding	Supports arguments	empirical research	empirical research.
	of arguments with	with evidence from		
	evidence from	empirical research.		
	empirical research			
	in finding			
	references and			
	calculating			
	intermediate values.			
Completeness and	Offers competent	Offers some	The proposed	Little or no practical
literacy of the	practical	competent practical		guidance or very poor
assignment	recommendations,	recommendations,	insubstantial, not based on	quality guidance.
	suggestions on the	suggestions on the	careful analysis, and	
	possible algorithm	on the possible	shallow.	
	of calculation	algorithm of		
	problems tasks.	calculation		
	PCMAZE	problems tasks.		
	HANBEPCHTETTI KO			

Dean	ТЕХНОЛОГИЯ ТЕХНОЛОГИЯ ТЕХНОЛОГИЯ	M.A. Dyusebaeva
Chair of the Aca	denic Committee	A.U. Bektemisova
Head of Chair _	A	E.A. Aubakirov
Lecturer	Mejagnet -	Zh.A. Supiyeva